

Legislative Library

No. 28.

The
Elkhorn District Advocate,
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ELKHORN, MAN.

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Contributors, articles and letters intended for publication must be addressed to the editor, and be in his hands not later than Tuesday evening, otherwise they cannot be inserted until the following week. All communications must be written on one side of the paper only, and accompanied by the writer's name and address, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

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F. J. GREENSTREET EDITOR.
VOL. I. No. 2.
THURSDAY, APRIL 27th, 1923.

EXPERIMENTAL FARMING AT INDIAN HEAD.

Some rather curious results have been gathered from experiments in wheat growing at the experimental farm at Indian Head, and comparing the results with those obtained at the Brandon farm, very interesting conclusions can be arrived at, as will be seen from the following, taken from the Commercial:

The recent annual report of last year's work, in connection with the Dominion system of experimental farms, contains a report from the farm at Indian Head, Assiniboia Territory. This farm is in charge of A. Mackay, Superintendent. It is the only experimental farm in the territories, and the report regarding the work done there will interest a large number of our readers. The season at Indian Head is described as a favorable one, through the spring was backward.

Forty-eight varieties of wheat were sown on the farm last season, besides six varieties of cross-bred wheats, crosses between Ladoga and red and white life. Tests of early and late sowing were made by sowing plots of wheat every week from April 15 to May 20. The best results were obtained from the plots of wheat sown late in April and early in May. This corresponds with the experience of the previous year, the early sown grain having been thinned by late frosts. In this test it is worthy of note that the late sowing of Campbell's White Chaff wheat, sown on May 20, was ripe four days earlier than the first plot sown on April 15. So also in the case of red life, the plots sown on April 15, April 22 and April 29, were not ripe any sooner than the plots sown on May 20. This result does not correspond with the experience gained at the Brandon experimental farm, so far as the date of ripening is concerned, where the early sown grain was ripe before the late sown grain, though the early sowings were correspondingly longer in maturing, but not sufficiently longer to cover the later date of sowing. In point of yield, however, the best results were obtained at each farm from the plots sown early in May.

Mr. Mackay says: "No variety of wheat out of the 48 tested proved to be worthy of special notice for earliness of ripening and quality combined. Those extra good in quality were not much earlier than red life, and those that were early were too deficient in quality to rank with red life." The varieties favorably mentioned are: White cornell, resembling white life, red fern, Campbell's triumph, Johnson's and Wellman's life. Ladoga gave a fair yield, but rusted badly. The Indian wheats, from which much was expected on account of their remarkably early ripening habit, again gave very poor yields, and were light in straw. These Indian wheats ripened from 18 to 23 days earlier than other wheats sown at the same time, but they were one-half to two-thirds less in yield than other promising varieties. Ladoga and Campbell's triumph, which are considered early varieties, were only two days earlier than red life, so that, with the exception of the poor yielding Indian wheats, there were no varieties which proved materially earlier in ripening than red life. Red life returned 33.23 bushels per acre in the principal test with twenty-six varieties, and this was only exceeded by one variety—Assiniboia—which gave one bushel more, but not as heavy a sample, while the straw of the latter was rusted badly. Considering all points, red life appeared to come off ahead, being distinguished in yield, healthfulness and quality of grain while it ripened about as early as any of the good yielding varieties, and several days earlier than a number of varieties. So far as the tests at Indian Head are concerned last year there is every reason to stick to red life as the best wheat for this country.

A test as to the best quantity of seed to sow per acre, made with red life, gave somewhat surprising results. Four plots were sown, the first with 1 bushel per acre, the next with 1 1/4 bushels, then 1 1/2 bushels, and the last with 1 3/4 bushels of seed per acre. There was little difference in the results from any of the plots, that sown with one bushel per acre yielding the same as the one sown with 1 1/4 bushels, while the former ripened one day sooner. This disputes the theory that thick sowing tends to earlier ripening. As to depth of sowing, one inch deep gave 31.23 bushels, two inches deep gave 27 bushels, and three inches 23.20 bushels. Superphosphate of lime did not appear to influence the date of ripening, but the yield appeared to be somewhat increased by its use. Tests with different kinds of drills were not sufficiently marked to indicate any superiority of any particular machine: a light yield was obtained

from frosted seed, in three instances, than from No. 1 hard, No. 2 frosted giving the largest yield. No. 3 frosted second, No. 1 frosted third, and No. 4 hard fourth in point of yield.

COST TO SEE THE COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION.

In answer to a question that is asked by people all over the world, "What will it cost to see the World's Fair?" the Chicago Tribune has carefully compiled figures from which abstracts are taken. At the Exposition grounds cover 700 acres containing fifty-two exposition and state buildings, besides those of foreign nations, the live stock exhibit and a number of exhibits which are outside, such as Equine and other villages which may be termed side shows, twenty-one in number, it is not probable that one person can cover the ground in a day. Supposing he can, the itemized account is as follows: Admission to Exposition grounds, \$3.00; Ride on electric boat, 25; Ride on elevated railway, 10; Riding railway, 10; Ice railway, 10; Luncheon, 50; Round-trip fare from the city by rail or water, 25.

Total, \$7.65. This shows the total expense, though the general admission would only go through the Exposition buildings for which his 50 cents admission pay. This would make the cost for ten days, including everything, \$15.00. Following in detail and on the economical basis, the question of cost can be safely and satisfactorily be answered for the benefit of the rich and poor alike who anticipate coming to the Fair from any part of the country. As an example take the man of ordinary means living five hundred miles distant. He decides to devote a week to it. At the rate of one fare and a third his railway ticket for the round trip will stand him \$13.50. He leaves home Sunday evening and arrives in Chicago Monday morning. If he wants a room without meals there will be plenty of comfortable quarters to be had at \$1 a day, with breakfast and dinner on top, \$2 will cover that item. Otherwise, say his meals cost him \$1.50 a day, he stays six days and has expended: Sleeping car berth each way, \$2.00; Room, 10.00; Meals in Chicago, 9.00; Admission to Exposition grounds, 3.00; Side shows, if he takes them all in, 5.25; Pleasure ride on electric boats, elevated, sliding and ice railroads, 63; One trip to and from grounds on lake steamer, 25; Five trips on street car, 50.

Total, \$42.65. The only difference to the men living 800 or 1,000 miles away will be the difference in railroad fare. These are minimum figures. Liberal allowances are made for respectable as well as comfortable accommodations. Of course the well-to-do merchant and prosperous professional man can spend twice the amount in the same length of time going in for luxuries and higher living, but he can't see any more of the Fair. As a matter of information and by way of illustration take a New York man whose bank account is large and put him through a ten days' engagement. It is understood that he will be satisfied with anything below the best. His railroad tickets and sleeping berths to Chicago and return at up a \$50 bill. Three meals each way en route on the dining car will get away with \$6. His hotel accommodations, provided he lives on the American plan, will cost him not less than \$9. His necessary expenditures, therefore, on the supposition that he, too, intends to see everything, will be: Railroad fare, \$10.00; Sleeping car fare, 10.00; Hotel bill, ten days, 20.00; Admission to grounds, 3.00; Meals on grounds, 15.00; Side shows, 5.25; One ride on each of the pleasure schemes, 55; Carriage to and from the grounds, \$39.00 a day.

Total, \$158.80. In none of these estimates has any statement been made of the amount of money an extravagant and wealthy person can spend. The object is to show that a man can see the Fair thoroughly on a few dollars or he can spend thousands.

The cost of living in Chicago will be so systematic and well regulated that the visitor need have no concern about being able to get just what he can afford. There will be plenty of good, comfortable rooms in all parts of the city at the rate of \$1 a day, without meals. There will be good rooms with meals at \$2 a day; better rooms without meals at \$1.30 a day, and with meals \$3. These rates will prevail in boarding houses and in second and third class hotels. In the first-class hotels one can get accommodated at \$1 a day or \$15 a day. The latter figure will secure a parlor and bedroom, with bath and all the comforts of a luxuriously furnished home. It will not be a hard task to find acceptable accommodations. While the walking distance of the Exposition at rates that no person would feel so niggardly as to take exceptions to, and thus escape the annoyance of travelling back and forth on crowded trains. People contemplating visiting the Fair are particularly warned against all sorts of schemes for securing rooms in advance, as there will be room for everybody, and which can be obtained on arrival without trouble.

New York, April 21st.—The condition of Edwin Booth, who has been sick at the Players club since Wednesday morning, changed for the worse to day. Late today it was feared that a crisis had been reached, and the patient was declared to be in great danger. Dr. St. Clair Smith spent nearly the entire day with his patient. No one except the physician and the train conductor is permitted in the room. Dr. Smith admits that the great actor's condition is very grave, and the end is not very far off. Many letters of inquiry were received during the day, and Mr. Booth's niece, Mrs. Marion Booth, sent frequent messages.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

is displaying at the World's Fair one of its
Standard—Passenger Trains.

The Company is also making a large display of pictures illustrative of different views along its lines of Railway and models of its Trans Pacific Steamships. It contemplates largely increasing the Train Service during the world's fair, and for purchasing tickets to Chicago the public are recommended to inquire at Canadian Pacific offices as to rates Time-table, &c. The lowest rates will, as usual, be given by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, and its coach accommodation and sleepers, both first and second-class, will be unsurpassed.

THE WORLD'S HIGHWAY.

CONNECTING THE
OCCIDENT AND THE ORIENT.
and reaching all the
Important Cities
of the
American Continent.

The only line having a fleet of steamers on the Lakes, and with direct connection to
EUROPE, CHINA AND JAPAN.

Lowest Rates. Best Time. Equipment superior to that of any other railroad.

No Changes, No Transfers, No Delays, No Examination of Baggage by Custom House Officials on this Route.

For full information apply to
C. F. TRAVIS, Agent, ELKHORN.

ROBT. KERR,
General Steamship Agent,
Winnipeg.

HOPPS' LIVERY, Feed & Sale STABLE!

Running in connection
WITH THE
Cavanagh Hotel.

Special attention given to the Requisites of
Commercial Travellers.

HORSEMEN

requiring Stable room
will receive
EVERY ATTENTION
and care.

It is my purpose, as
soon as Spring opens
to put in a new stock
OF
CARRIAGES AND
RIIGES.

W. HOPPS, ELKHORN.

RESTAURANT.

Refreshments at any
hour.

All Trains stop for 20 minutes!

Oranges, Lemons, Apples,
Cheese, Cigars, Canned
Goods and Fresh
Eggs
Always On Hand.
COMFORTABLE READING ROOM.
George Frazer
Proprietor.

THOMAS & MOWAT

GENERAL MERCHANTS.

DRY GOODS, BOOTS and SHOES.

Groceries, Drugs, Stationery and Crochery.

TWEEDS & OVERALLS.

BOYS CLOTHING.

BROADLEY'S BLOCK. ELKHORN

SOMERVILLE & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF
Fine Monumental Work
AND
Cemetery Fencing,
WOOD AND GRANITE MONUMENTS.
Workshop and Office on Rosser Avenue,
BRANDON, MAN.

W. C. STEWART, TRAVELLER.

THE CENTRAL HOTEL

Re-built, Newly Furnished,
Well Heated, Well Lighted,
Clean, Comfortable,
Is Now
Re-opened.

Boarders at Reasonable
Prices

OCEAN STEAM-SHIPS.

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

Cheapest and Quickest Route to the Old Country.

FROM HALIFAX. May 15th
Monopolian. May 29th

FROM MONTREAL.

Sarnia. May 21st
Labrador. May 13th
Vancouver. May 22nd
Sarnia. June 25th
Nunavut. June 2nd
Parisian. May 13th
Monopolian. June 17th
FROM NEW YORK.

Germanic. April 26th
Magentic. May 3rd
Britannic. May 10th
Trafalgar. May 17th
Aurora. June 3rd
Ettruria. April 29th
Serbia. May 6th
Berlin. April 29th
New York. May 6th

Cabin, \$20.00; \$16.00; \$12.00; \$8.00; \$4.00.

Passengers ticketed through to all points in Great Britain and Ireland at specially low rates. Prepaid passages arranged from all points. Purchase your ticket at starting point, and get advantage of the cheap railway fares in connection with Ocean Tickets. Apply to
C. F. TRAVIS, C. P. R. Agent
ELKHORN
ROBERT KERR,
General Passenger Agent.
W. P.

NOTICE.

Having been appointed Pound keeper at the last meeting of the Council of the Municipality of Wallace, and having been instructed to pound all cattle, horses and pigs etc., running at large in the town of Elkhorn; parties owning any of these animals are requested to govern themselves accordingly.

WM. HOPPS,
Pound keeper.

MEAT MARKET.

Sausages and Fresh
Meat for Sale.

Orders taken and Meat Delivered in any part of the town.

PRICES AWAY
DOWN.

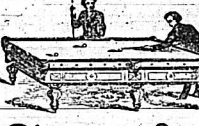
JOHN H. ANGUS,
Proprietor
Richell Avenue.

BARBER SHOP!

AND
Billiards!

Hair Cutting & Shaving.

BILLIARD
And
POOL-TABLES.



Cigars &c.
W. J. DIXON, - PROP.

RICHILL AV. - ELKHORN.

COAL.

Lowest Living Prices



GROCERIES,
TEA A Speciality
FRUIT IN SEASON.

NEW MEAT MARKET.

Sausages and Fresh
Meat for Sale.

Orders taken and Meat Delivered in any part of the town.

PRICES AWAY
DOWN.

JOHN H. ANGUS,
Proprietor
Richell Avenue.

SHOEMAKER.

(opposite Cavanagh Hotel.)
BOOTS AND Shoes
made to order; also mended and REPAIRED.
Lowest possible living prices.
Material and workmanship second to none.
F. E. DYER, PROPRIETOR.

JOHN H. AGNEW,
BARRISTER & SOLICITOR-AT-LAW
Office—Virden, Man.

R. A. McLoughry,
VETERINARY SURGEON.
Toronto Co.
Elkhorn, Man.

STANLEY & CAREFOOT,
AUCTIONEERS
IMPROVED FARMS FOR SALE.
Money advanced
on farm property pending sale.
OVER POST OFFICE,
NELSON STREET, VIRDEN.

JOHN HUME,
Contractor and
Carpenter.
Contracts taken for all kinds of
Buildings, etc. in Town or
Country.
JOHN HUME, RICHILL AVENUE

HEALEY'S Furniture & Art store

Full Lines of Furniture, House Furnishings, High-class Pictures, Mouldings, Etc. on hand at all times.
Stock of
COFFIN CASKETS AND
Trimnings to suit all classes.
FIRST-CLASS BEAKS IN CONNECTION.
NELSON STREET, VIRDEN

Viriden Green-house.

Cabbage, Tomato,
Cauliflower, Celery,
All kinds of
Bedding plants,
Flowers, &c. for sale.
J. Hazlewood,
PROPRIETOR.

Indian Home TRADES.

REPAIRS OF BAGGIES, BUCKBOARDS, CUTTERS, WAGONS, CARRIAGES, FARM MACHINERY, or implements of any kind promptly attended to.
Window frames, Door frames or other house work made to order on the shortest notice.

Painting, paper hanging, sign writing.
Contracts taken for the erection of buildings in town.
Orders promptly attended to; satisfaction guaranteed.
JOHN SIMINGTON, FOREMAN.

TAILORING.

done in all its branches.
Gentlemen's suits made to order.
Over 100 styles in choice from.
Good fit and good workmanship
GUARANTEED.
Clothes repaired, cleaned and pressed.

New Shop [opposite Cavanagh Hotel].
N. B. Parties bringing their OWN MATERIAL can have same made up to order.
JOHN PRESTON, FOREMAN.

SHOEMAKER.

(opposite Cavanagh Hotel.)
BOOTS AND Shoes
made to order; also mended and REPAIRED.
Lowest possible living prices.
Material and workmanship second to none.
F. E. DYER, PROPRIETOR.



They are the abstract and brief chronicles of the time. Hamlet, Act II, Scene 2.

Mr. Geo. Bell visited Virden on Monday.
J. D. McEwen, of Virden, was in town Monday.
Miss Elsie, of Virden, is staying in town.
Four Blackfoot Indians arrived at the home on Friday last.
Mr. F. Breen, of Beulah, is spending a few days in town.
Mr. F. Travis and Miss Travis paid a visit to Brandon last week.
J. T. Norworthy, of Virden, was in town this week.
Gent. R. H. and Amundson at Bradley's Hardware Store.
The Carling Club concert has been postponed from May 5th until the 12th.
Buy your Powder, Shot and Shell at the Hardware Store.
We are pleased to welcome back to Elk Horn Mr. Geo. Bell, who has been away for the last few weeks.
Buy the Hammer Wash Boiler, only \$5.00. For sale at Bradley's Hardware Store.
Boysing commenced on Sunday last, on the lake in the east part of the town. As yet we have not heard of any cases of drowning.
Buy the Hammer Wash Boiler, only \$5.00. For sale at Bradley's Hardware Store.
Mr. Jas. Douglas spent part Monday in Virden, and arrived home per special train in the afternoon.
Mr. Wm. Hoppis is now carrying on a heavy business in the stables lately occupied by Mr. G. Arkel.
Buy the Hammer Wash Boiler, only \$5.00. For sale at Bradley's Hardware Store.
Mr. Joe Bradley has commenced seedling operation, he intends sowing about 400 acres in wheat and 200 acres oats.
It is a pleasure to see the Rev. R. G. Stevenson about once more, after a serious spell of illness which confined him to the house for about ten days.
Mr. C. Holston, who has been attending the Medical College at Winnipeg, returned home on the 25th, after having passed a very creditable examination.
Buy the Hammer Wash Boiler, only \$5.00. For sale at Bradley's Hardware Store.
Mr. Alex. Stewart, seemingly not content with five nails on one foot, on Tuesday last attempted to add a sixth with the result that now he is quite lame.
Rev. Jas. Woodworth, Sup. of Methodist Mission, will preach in the Methodist church on Sunday next, morning and evening, on behalf of Methodist Missions.
Buy the Hammer Wash Boiler, only \$5.00. For sale at Bradley's Hardware Store.
Messrs. Wilson and Todd, photo-graphers, have been in town the past week photographing the principal buildings and dwellings of the town. Several excellent pictures were taken.
Mr. T. S. F. Taylor conducted the service in the English Church on Sunday last, owing to the illness of Rev. R. G. Stevenson, who is now convalescent, and will resume his duties on Sunday next.
Seedling has commenced but the weather is anything but good. But our faith is not yet expired, and we are anticipating adequate compensation for the delayed spring by a big crop in harvest.
It is pleasing to note that the large Canadian flag, promised by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs to the best Industrial School in Manitoba and the Territories, has been carried off by the Indian School in this town, under the charge of Mr. A. E. Wilson.
On Saturday evening a contingent of the knights of the steel paid a valiant visit to the skating rink, and after an enjoyable hour of noise and skating they returned to their snug nook. The ice was in good form, almost equal to its condition during the busy season.
The first of a series of Auction Sales was held on Saturday last by Messrs. Cushing & Fraser, and proved to be a success. Much interest was taken in the sale, and quite a number turned out to bid. It would be well if the farmers would keep their eyes open for the dates of these sales as they will prove to be of great interest to them. The next sale will be held on May 27th.
The beautiful snow still continues to fall on the city as well as the good, and while we cannot but admire these emblems of purity, we are wondering with some anxiety the time when King Sol will revolutionize these atmospheric and climatic recentricities, and hurry along the long depraved spring. Hope depraved thaw the heart sick and enough is as good as a feast.
The Silver Specialty Comedy Co. made their first appearance before the Elkhornites last evening, and judging by the sounds of merriment and applause that greeted the performers they succeeded in pleasing the audience. The gymnastic exploits, light and heavy weight performance and wire walking were excellent, and all the acts were splendid, being ahead of anything we have seen for some time.

to the chair, and a tall, thin, and Mr. W. M. Cushing. No fees are being charged for membership, and every inducement is offered to increase the popularity of this healthy pastime. Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings have been chosen for practice nights.
Many are taking what day the turf club will arrange for the race meeting and are anxiously looking out for announcements from other towns. Probably some time in June will be the best, as, considering the late season, it will be difficult to get good tracks, good weather, a good attendance and horses in fit condition any where near the Queen's birthday. Correspondence has been passing between White-wood and Elkhorn, and it would seem reasonable to let Moomin fix a date for the race day there, (as being the most important place) and arrange for the Elkhorn "race" a day or two before and White-wood a day or two after, and so on to Broadview and on West. In this way the days will not clash as is so often the case, and horses will not have to double back in order to be present at the different celebrations.
COMMUNICATIONS.
The Editor of this paper wishes it to be distinctly understood that he in no way holds himself responsible for the opinions expressed by correspondents.
THE MEANS TO AN END AND THAT END ELKHORN GRIST MILL.
To the Editor of the Advocate:
DEAR SIR.—Your kindness in allowing space in your paper to your various correspondents on this grist mill for Elkhorn, is carrying the word advocate out in its true sense of advocating anything that will benefit the community at large. I would like to ask the farmers around Elkhorn, and especially those who belong to the Patrons of Industry. What are they agitating for? The honest answer would be to improve their financial condition. Those farmers who say that they have a mill use that as an excuse for not supporting their neighbors in getting one also. I most decidedly say are standing in their own light. In fact they are doing themselves a positive injury. For this reason they are preventing themselves from having two places to do business at instead of one. The old saw saying that every mickle helps to make a muckle is very true. Then why not join together in one solid mass (intellectually) to remove any obstructions that are likely to prevent the stream of prosperity from reaching them. Why cannot the farmers stand shoulder to shoulder and help their neighbors by supporting the people around Elkhorn in getting a grist mill. Let those people that live outside the proposed district show their representatives in council that it is to their advantage that this mill shall be put into working order, for in getting this mill they will be influencing their own mill in their favor. How is it that such intelligent people as compose our Council cannot see this view of the case. One does not like to think that the same difficulties by any particular business interests in any town; that go against the interests of a great majority of the ratepayers in the proposed district. If unhappily that is so, I most decidedly say they are supporting a coming that will work against the best interests of those people they are there to represent. Anything in the shape of a combine is a dead weight around the farmers neck holding him down in the waters of oppression until the whole human species is carried through to the heart. I say our Councilors are in duty bound to do all they possibly can to give the farmer encouragement and hope by letting him see that there is some return for his labor and the surprise will be great at seeing the improvement that will be made. Then why not support and help to carry through anything that will benefit them, especially when it is the wish of a very large majority of the ratepayers. Now the farmers should see that their representatives in Council should work with this object in view, and not take into consideration anything that will have a tendency to hold back prosperity. The farmers by having a grist mill at Elkhorn will find they are benefited in more ways than one. In the first place there will be considerable improvement in the price of grain. Second, the wheat they cannot sell except at a very great sacrifice they can have made into flour. The farmers would be surprised if they only knew how much frozen wheat is made into flour and mixed with a little better to bring it up to a good average saleable article. Third, by getting their own wheat ground they save railway freight both ways to and from the east, and any one knows how railway freight adds to the price of any article.
Then do not our councilors think the money paid for freight would be better in the farmers' pockets; this would not lessen the railway traffic in the least, it would make it more for this reason, the grist mill at Elkhorn would have to run supply other districts. Then why not have a grist mill as near to the farmers as possible, by shortening the distance to the farmers a great saving of time would be made, and time is money. If properly used winter and summer.
OBSERVER.
To the Editor of the Advocate:
DEAR SIR.—Can you find space in your valuable paper to place the face in your before the public, in answer to the letter of your correspondent at Lippentott in which he refers to the meeting held at Mr. W. Lund's, the mill question being the race? I think that Mr. J. F. Prout has been misrepresented by your correspondent to take the floor, which he did by asking some gentleman that was present at the Elkhorn mill meeting to give his views of the question, but no one had the courage to do so. Mr. Prout then gave them his reasons for opposing the bonus. He claimed that there were not enough enterprising men in Elkhorn, as the business men are merely sharks, ready to impose on the farmers. He said that his Township in Ontario was compelled to subsidize a bonus for a railway, because a Solicitor of Toronto had said that if only they would set an extra-then it would defray their taxes; however, the people found out to their sorrow, when it was too late, that an extra-then would not defray \$27 taxes. Moreover, he claims that a mill at Elkhorn would be of no benefit to him whatever, as he could go to Virden and back in a day. Mr. D. Simpson came next with his tale of woe, that in 18 years it had cost him \$22 for getting his grist taken to Virden. And it was evident that he felt above driving oxen as his neighbors have done before him. And well might he show the benefit it would be to him and others, as they are exempt from all taxes, being in the North West, and he certainly should have remained mute. And as for the despicable Paul that is such a strong advocate since being converted, I think that Judas Iscariot would have been a more appropriate name.
RATEPAYER.
BEULAH BITS.
Spring is still backward and ever loth to open the buds, but surely the change must be about here now. There have been very little done on the land here at present.
Mr. Chas. Orr, of Beulah, has sold his clipper containing two years old for \$300. He has the making of a very useful horse and we think he went dirt cheap. If a few more of our farmers looked a little more to the state of their stock, we should not hear so much grumbling about farming in Manitoba.
There has been three or four more cases of diptheria in Beulah and vicinity, and one more death. People cannot be too careful in their endeavors to step the spread of this most dangerous disease.
The Municipality is distributing gopher poison to the settlers this season, and people will only have themselves to blame if they do not keep these little pests under control this year.
There was an auction sale held on the 14th at Mr. Lunnant's, south of here, when Mr. S. C. Dinnmore, in his usual effect, disposed of that gentleman's effects. Prices ruled satisfactorily on the whole. We understand Mr. Lunnant intends removing to Virden.
The Great North West Central Railway business seems to be keeping things pretty lively at Virden. We hope to see it enveloping the vicinity of Beulah shortly, we are all ready here to welcome it with open arms.
EARL OF DERBY DEAD.
CANADA'S GOVERNOR GENERAL SUCCEEDS TO THE TITLE.
London, April 21st.—The Earl of Derby died at 8.30 this (Friday) evening.
LORD STANLEY HIS SUCCESSOR.
Ottawa, April 21st.—By the death of the Earl of Derby to-day Lord Stanley of Preston succeeds to the title and family estates in Lancashire. These are divided into half must to-day from Government house in respect to the memory of deceased. The Governor General will likely not leave at once for England, but stay here is likely to be considerably shortened. From the Government of a modest income he comes into possession of an annual revenue of nearly \$300,000 per annum. His eldest son, Hon. Edward Stanley, now convalencing in London, succeeds to the title of Lord Stanley of Preston. The Stanleys is one of the oldest families in England and famed in military and political annals of the nation. They came over at the time of the Norman invasion. The earldom was created in 1485 and the baronetcy in 1627. The late earl married in 1870 the widowed mother of the present Lord Salisbury and left no issue. His grandfather, Earl Derby, who was one of her majesty's first prime ministers.

THOUGHTS OF SPRING.
We kinder think its comin'; there's a softness in the breeze,
An' the grass is almost peepin' from the winter-withered trees;
An' where the river's streamlin', or the lake like silver shines,
The village boys are dreamin' of their books an' fishin' lines.
We kinder think its comin', for there's something in the air
That makes you think that violets are gittin' mighty near;
An' the farmer's seat his children to the blue-back speller school;
An' he sittin' in the cotton field a-cusin' of his mule!
—Atlanta Constitution.

Virden Roller Mills.
RUNNING EVERY DAY.
—Bring your Gristing before the Busy Season sets in:
Forty lbs. of Flour per bushel of No. 1 Hard, and 18 lb. of Feed.
FIRST CLASS FLOUR GUARANTEED
Foster & Son.
Ask for Quotations for Flour, Bran, and Shorts.
A. E. ASPINWALL.
LATHER AND SHINGLER.
Agent for
E. O. Graham's Nursery, Brandon Steam Vindict. Elkhorn District Advocate.
Vindict. "Lesson given. Terms Moderate."

THE CANADA NORTHWEST LAND CO. (LIMITED.)
Have the option of selecting under the terms of agreement with the CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY
OVER 1,000,000 ACRES
of the finest agricultural lands in Manitoba, which they offer for sale on easy terms.
No cultivation conditions.
Write for particulars of the Company's system of accepting Shares instead of Cash in payment of Lands, by which a considerable saving is effected.
TOWN LOTS
For Sale in the Towns and Villages. Maps and other information can be obtained at the Offices of the Company, 330 Main Street, Winnipeg. Or from
C. F. TRAVIS, Agent, ELKHORN. W. B. SCANT, Land

AUCTION SALE
OF
ELKHORN BUSINESS PROPERTY.
Under and by virtue of power of Sale contained in a certain mortgage, which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale by Public Auction, by Messrs. CUSHING & FRASER, Auctioneers, at the
CAYANAGH HOTEL, ELKHORN,
on
Saturday the 13th day of May, 1893,
the following Tract or Parcel of Land, situate in the Town or Village of Elkhorn, in the Province of Manitoba, and being composed of Town Lot number Twelve (12) in Block number Thirty-Three (33), according to a map or plan of the subdivision of the South West Quarter of Section Three (3), in Township Twelve (12), and Range Twenty-eight (28), West of the First Principal Meridian, made by L. A. Hamilton, D. L. S., and duly filed in the Registry Office for the County of Dennis.
The Mortgagee is informed that there is now on the property a Frame Building two stories high, of a site about 30x34 feet, now occupied by Mrs. Deacon as a Bakery and Dwelling House. The property is centrally located and a good Business Stand, and is especially adapted for the business of a Baker.
Terms of Sale.—Ten per cent of the purchase money to be paid in Cash at the sale and the balance upon conditions that will be made known at the time of sale.
For further particulars apply to
H. H. GOULTER,
Vendor's Solicitor, Virden.
Or to CUSHING & FRASER,
Auctioneers, Elkhorn.

ELKHORN MARKETS.
Rolled Oats..... \$9.00 to 2.75
Standard Oatmeal..... 0.00 2.75
Gran. Oatmeal..... 0.00 2.75
Wheat..... 0.50 0.52
Oats..... 0.00 0.25
Flour, Household..... 0.00 2.45
Flour, Prairie Quakers..... 0.00 2.15
Flour, Strong Bakers..... 0.00 2.00
Beef, Carcase..... 0.01 0.11, 12
Beef, retail..... 0.03 0.10
Mutton, carcase..... 0.09 0.10
Mutton, retail..... 0.10 0.12, 12
Pork, carcase..... 0.06 0.07, 12
Pork, retail..... 0.05 0.12, 12
Bacon, breakfast..... 0.00 0.10
Bacon, long clear..... 0.10 0.13
Hams, smoked..... 0.15 0.17
Butter..... 0.17 0.20
Eggs, fresh per dozen..... 0.00 0.13
Potatoes, per bush..... 0.00 0.50
Cordwood..... 0.00 4.00
Hay per ton..... 5.50 6.00
Chickens (per lb.)..... 0.00 0.12
Coal, Pennsylvania per ton..... 0.00 13.00
Coal, Gal..... 0.00 8.75
Coal, Eastern..... 0.00 4.50

NOTICE.
The undersigned will be in Elkhorn, for the purpose of receiving cattle for branding during the season of 1893, on Saturday, May 6th. All parties wishing to take advantage of this opportunity please bring stock in by 10 o'clock. Terms \$1.50 per head. Thoroughbred Shorthorn bull, Ben Hur kept with herd. Terms per service \$2.50.
M. 4. GEO. ALLISON.

BIRTHS.
ARKELL.—On the 26th inst., the wife of George Arkell of a daughter.

FOUND.
SPIRIT LEVEL found on the west trail. Owner can have same by paying for this advertisement.

FOR SALE.
A NUMBER OF GOOD HORSES AND Mares for sale. Also two sets of new Harness. Two good Wagons. Two set Iron Harrows. 1 Chatham Fanning Mill. Also 200 matched team Working Oxen; 1 eight year old ox, would exchange for young cow in spring. Apply to S. H. GREENWOOD, Elkhorn, P. O. Sec. 111120.

STRAYED.
STRAYED FROM ELPHINTONE FARM, one chestnut BRONCHO MARE with white face, two white hind feet, about 15 hands high. One BAY MARE, white star on forehead. Any information about the above will oblige, R. P. RICE, ELPHINTONE FARM NEWDALE.

R. M. COOMBS AND COMPANY'S.

GREAT SACRIFICE SALE!

Our entire Stock of Dry Goods, Clothing, Gent's Furnishings, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, Crockery, Hardware and Groceries; to be cleared out regardless of Cost. Owing to the present depression in trade and the unfavorable prospect to do a credit business, we have decided to run our business on a strictly CASH basis.

Our stock is the largest and most complete in the Province, having been added to with Large Spring Importations in all the different departments, which enables us to fill the bill.

ALL TO BE SLAUGHTERED UNTIL JULY 1st.

\$15,000 STOCK.

Thrown on the Market at Slaughter Prices.

Note for example a few of the reductions in prices.

Prints worth 10 & 12 c. for 5 c. Dress Goods equally as low.
Men's suits from \$5.00 to \$15. worth from \$7 to \$20.
Finishing, assortment complete, and all sold as cheap as snips.
Hats & Caps for 50c. worth 75c. & 80c.
Long Boots, \$2.00, worth \$3.50. Fine L. Boots: \$1.75 up, worth \$3. to \$5.
Plough Shoes \$1.00, worth \$1.35; all other Boots & Shoes cut as fine.
In Crockery, we are offering a 44-pce. Tea-Set, for \$2.00 worth \$3.00; all the rest of our crockery as cheap or in other words, at Cost, to make room.
Some special drives to be had in Hardware.
Canned Goods at prices that surpass anything in town. Salmon 15c. Tomatoes 12-1-2c. Assorted Fruit 15c.
Fancy Groceries stock is complete and more arriving. Come while the assortment is good, as the stock is lowering daily. This is the best opportunity ever offered the people of Elkhorn, to buy seasonable goods cheap.
No Goods charged: All accounts must be settled by Cash or Note immediately Call at once and get some of the greatest bargains of the day.
Remember that this Sale, prices are all for spot cash.
We are prepared to handle all kinds of Farm produce, Butter, Eggs, Wool, Hides, Poits, Tallow, Grain, Lard, Bacon & Hams &c. &c. &c.

AT

R. M. COOMBS & COMPANY.

RICHILL AVENUE, ELKHORN, MAN.

Broadley's Hardware Store

Settlers' Supplies.

LUMBER, LATHS, SHINGLES.

Window Sash Doors,

Nails, Building paper, Lime, Hair, Brick

Plaster, &c.

Shelf and Heavy Hardware.

TINSHOP IN CONNECTION,

Repairing promptly attended to.

All kinds of tin work made to order.

Furniture for sale cheap, Iron and Wood

Bedsteads, Cots, Wool Mattresses, Pillows &c. &c. &c.

Undertakers' Supplies

Coffins and Caskets always kept in Stock.

Money to lend on

Farm Property.

BROADLEY'S HARDWARE STORE.

ONTARIO SCHOOLS.
Some Interesting Statistics in the Education Department.
The annual report of the Minister of Education shows that the total school population of the province in 1901 was 615,781, a decrease of 2,000 for the year. There are 20,000 more boys than girls. The average attendance of rural pupils is 45 per cent. of the registered attendance, while in towns it is 61 and in cities 57. The number of teachers was 8,536. The highest salaries paid were \$1,500. There are now 5,756 school-houses in the province. Log school houses are fast disappearing, there being only 619 remaining. The cost of education per pupil is \$3.54 against \$5.42 in 1879. Ontario has 230 separate schools, with 36,165 pupils and 631 teachers. The number of separate schools has advanced from 175 to 230 in 15 years. The number of separate schools has advanced from 175 to 230 in 15 years. The number of teachers has increased 305 during the same period.

THE GALT ROAD.
The Line Laid for Twenty Years by the G. P. R.
The Medicine Hat Times says the Galt road has not been formally sold to the C. P. R., but has been leased for twenty years to a private sale. The A. R. & C. Co. are to make the road a standard gauge before July 1st. They also agree to transfer their charter from Lethbridge through the Crow's Nest Pass. The C. P. R. has already a roadbed graded from Macleod to near the Crow's Nest Pass, and they will build the road between Lethbridge and Macleod and complete the whole early this summer. It is not probable, therefore, that through trains will be running from Medicine Hat to the Kootenay country before the end of 1902. The rumor published in the east to the effect that the C. P. R. had purchased the Galt mines is without a word of truth in it. It is not yet the policy of the C. P. R. to own and operate mines of any description.

FEDERAL FINANCES.
The Revenue Exceeded the Expenditure in March.
For March the revenue of the Dominion amounted to \$3,000,237, and expenditure to \$1,230,175. The revenue for the previous eight months was \$24,528,392, and expenditures \$21,172,730, making for the nine months a total revenue of \$27,834,839, and expenditures \$22,692,400, leaving a surplus of \$5,142,439. The surplus for the corresponding nine months of the previous fiscal year was \$3,449,477, a difference of \$1,722,237 in favor of the present year. Besides the foregoing expenditure there is an expenditure on capital account amounting to \$21,592,736. So that even if this sum, which is represented by assets in the way of valuable public works and aid to railways be deducted from \$5,142,439, there remains a surplus of revenue at the end of the third quarter of the current fiscal year of \$2,948,988 over and above expenditures of all kinds. The total net debt of the Dominion on March 30 was \$237,613,602, a reduction of \$1,786,067 during this month.

METHODIST TRANSFERS.
Quite a List Decided Upon Recently at Toronto.
The annual meeting of the transfer committee of the Methodist church was held in the Wesley-buildings recently. Every conference in Canada was represented, but the president of the Newfoundland conference was not present. The transfers decided upon and the time when such changes go into effect were as follows:
Rev. F. B. Fletcher, Toronto conference, to Manitoba, June 10, and more expected.
Rev. M. Clevier, from Niagara to British Columbia conference, June 27.
Rev. P. J. Miller, from Guelph to Manitoba conference, June 5.
Rev. Nelson J. Brown, from Bay of Quinte to Manitoba conference, June 5.
Rev. J. N. Aspin, from Bay of Quinte to Manitoba conference, June 12.
Rev. T. W. Pickett, from Manitoba to Bay of Quinte conference, June 12.
Rev. R. Whittington, from Bay of Quinte to British Columbia conference, forthwith.
Rev. B. C. Freeman, from Manitoba to British Columbia conference, forthwith.

DR. SPARLING RETURNS.
Wesley College Subscription List up to \$200,000, and More Expected.
The Free Press says: "Rev. Dr. Sparling, principal of the Wesley college, returned yesterday from his eastern trip, which extended over several weeks. During his absence he visited Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, and other places, where he succeeded in interesting many people in Wesley college. Mr. H. A. Massey has practically removed the condition under which he promised the second \$10,000 of his subscription; so that while he still desires to see a \$100,000 building erected, he will not withhold his gift awaiting to be assured of the expenditure of that entire amount. Mr. H. A. Massey has increased his subscription from \$500 to \$1,500, making the aggregate subscriptions of himself and his two sons, J. A. M. Atkins, Q. C., and J. S. Atkins, of Winnipeg, \$5,000. Principal Sparling has good hopes of assistance from a number of gentlemen who have promised to consider his cause favorably, but have not yet definitely named the amount which they will give. He has good hopes that the college board will see its way to go on with the erection of the building this coming season. He has brought with him a couple of sketches furnished by Chancellor Burwash, of Victoria college, Toronto. This new building Dr. Sparling considers a model one for college purposes."

Gov. Russell's little son Eustis surprised his mother this morning at a late hour by exclaiming: "Mamma, I want a dark breakfast." Mrs. Russell was at a loss to know what he meant and demanded an explanation. "Well," replied the young lord, "last night you told Mary to give me a light supper and I didn't like it. Now, mamma, please do let me have a dark breakfast."—Boston Globe.
A serious riot occurred in London, Eng., between the publicists and teetotalers a few days ago. The publicists were holding a demonstration against the proposed law establishing prohibition and abridging the privileges of the liquor traffic generally when they were attacked by the teetotalers, the result being a scene of riot and disorder and several free fights in which the teetotalers were vanquished the "Pubs."

Teaching Children Obedience.
Perhaps the most difficult problem of life, because the one on which all other problems hang, is correct child training. If every child in existence to-day could receive parental treatment little short of perfection the million would arise in the next generation. All reforms would die out, because there would no longer be any need for them. The first step in the realization of this ideal is obedience. The great lesson of conformity to a higher power has to be learned by all sometime in life, and the child whose mother does not help him to learn this lesson will be a young man who will have to struggle at it all by himself later on.

The old-fashioned method of enforcing obedience, which consisted in knocking a child down if he did not obey instantly, was simple and efficacious, but it had its drawbacks. What does it prove to a mother whose son goes and comes promptly at her bidding, if all the time he hates her in his heart, and becomes a confirmed little hypocrite, keeping his thoughts and feelings secret from her, and counting the years until he is of age and can break away from all domestic discipline and do as he likes? To lose a child's love and confidence is infinitely worse than to be disobedient. It is easy and natural to carry out the wishes of those we love, but the obedience that is wrenched from us is worthless.

The great defect in present day child training is that parents so often teach their children to look upon the law as not intended to teach them anything of the sort, but that the lesson that their words convey is that the commandment is to be disregarded every time a command is repeated in a weak and excitable tone of voice. The child is only taught to disobey—it is actually encouraged and urged to disobey. In many families the rule is that the youngest members shall retire at 8 o'clock the regular evening performance is a something like this:
"Edith, it's 8 o'clock—time to go to bed."
"Yes, I know, I'm going directly."
"The mother continues reading. Suddenly she looks up at the clock and exclaims, "Why, Edith, it's more than a quarter past 8. Haven't you gone to bed yet?"

"No, say, mamma, can't I stay up all half past?"
"Well, you must be sure to go to bed at 9 o'clock."
At 25 minutes to nine the mother exclaims, "Mercy, Edith, it's nearly 9. Go off to bed quickly. Fly now."
"Pretty soon, mamma."
"No, I'll not have any pretty soon about it. You just march off. This minute I think I might stay up till a quarter to 9. The boys never go to bed till nine."
"Well, I'll let you this time, but mind you don't stay up one second later than a quarter to 9."
At a quarter to nine the mother observes, "Where's that child? Hurry now!"

"Mamma, Nettie's reading me a story and I won't be disturbed. I'll be there in ten minutes past at the very latest," chimes in Nettie.
Well, I never saw such provoking children," observed the mother. "I suppose I'll have to let you this time, but mind, to-morrow night you'll go to bed like a streak of lightning just as the clock strikes 8."
"Yes, mamma," dutifully replies Edith.
On the following evening the mother goes to an entertainment, and returns between 10 and 11 to find the youngest child still up.
"Why, Edith," she exclaims, "you said you'd be in bed at 8."
"Yes, mamma, but I knew if you were at home I could easily tease you to let me stay up later."
Now the habit of staying up late, though bad for a delicate child, is the result of the evil that her mother taught her. Let us specify precisely what these evils are.

First, she taught her that the will power of a woman 40 years old is weaker than that of a child of 5 years old.
Second, she taught her that if the mother will yield so easily on one occasion, it could probably be made to yield on every occasion.
Third, she taught her that the true mistress of the family—and of the situation—was her very little and unimportant self.
It is generally understood that breaking a child's will is rather a hazardous thing, and that the task of strengthening the will and softening the heart—the most difficult pair of jobs ever killed at with one stone—was a recent achievement in real life, of which we give an exact report. This illustration, like the previous one, refers to a child, old subject of bed-going, which turns so many peaceful homes into scenes of controversy the long summer months, whose own children are perfectly trained, once received a visit from a young niece who was a thoroughly spoiled child. On the first day of her arrival, as she was playing out of doors after tea, her aunt pined on the window-pane and said, "It's bed time, now, Grace, come in at once." The little girl faced her and said, "Do you think I've come to come in here? I don't say so? Huh! I won't do it!" Mrs. K. tranquilly resumed her work, taking no further notice of the child. She had never threatened or scolded anyone in her life, and she did not intend to begin then. Grace evidently looked for indignation when she came in between 9 and 10, but no notice was taken of her and she went to bed without a word. The next morning, Mrs. K. took her up to bed at once, saying kindly that she would be glad to let her play for an hour first, but she couldn't trust her to come in when she was called. The little girl looked rather thoughtful, but as soon as her aunt disappeared, she dressed herself again, went down to the yard, and was soon sporting about as wildly as ever, observing to the neighbor's children she did so, that it was a snowy evening when she couldn't have her own way. No attention was paid to her when she came in, but the next evening after tea she was taken up to bed again and the same words were locked. "If you look me in," she exclaimed, "I'll tear the sheets and pillows all to bits."
"Oh, just as you like as to that," said Mrs. K. "Only, of course, you'll have the same things on your bed to-morrow as you have to-night, and you'll have more than one set spoiled."
"Well, I can't bear to be left alone," said Grace, beginning to weep in earnest.
"Why, I ought to have thought of that," said Mrs. K. "Of course, I'll stay with you."
And then through the long evening she talked to the child. She told her what a grand thing it was to have

a strong will. It was like riding a spirited horse that is carrying you in the right direction. But that an uncontrolled will was no more use than a runaway steed. Instead of giving her the "good scolding," which most mothers would have said she richly deserved, instead of humiliating her by saying she was a naughty, naughty child, and that she would probably end her career in a reformatory or a jail, this sensible woman told her nice stories of strong-willed girls, who the face of terrible odds had earned a living for poverty-stricken and disease-stricken parents, and who, after a long and arduous career, had achieved a brilliant success. "That's the sort of girl you'll be," she exclaimed. "A girl like you must amount to something, either bad or good, and I say it will be good."
"I say it will be good, too," exclaimed the tough little soul, sitting up in bed, and exclaiming about her aunt's need to "try, auntie, you'll see."
So even in dealing with a "regular" child, who is usually a very good child, it is better to insist on obedience, but be sure to be sure to win the innermost heart.

A Straight Point.
"Travel on this road pretty often," inquired the passenger with the long, silver hair.
"Yes," replied the sleepy-looking passenger on the same seat.
"How often?"
"To town most every day, I reckon."
"In a business of some kind, like a shop?"
"No, I work for another man."
"Dry goods business?"
"Yes, sir, in the city."
"Saloon?"
The inquisitive passenger was quiet a moment. Then he came at him again.
"Find it cheaper to live out of the city?"
"Cheaper?"
"Rent is cheaper, ain't it?"
"Yes, sir."
"Furnitures and things don't cost any more, do they?"
"No, cost less."
"Have to pay out much for railroad fare?"
"Railroad fare don't cost me \$75 a year?"
"Then what makes it dearer?"
"Running for trains. Wear and tear of shoe leather."
The long nosed man ruminated on this for a moment, and then said:
"They pay bigger wages in the city than they do in the suburbs, don't they?"
"Yes, sir."
"What might it be worth, now, to hold a job like yours?"
"The best I can get for pay is me \$20.95 a week."
"Always makes the exact change?"
"Yes, sir."
"What is the idea of making it just \$20.95?"
"He pays me \$20 for my work, and the other nine cents for minding my own business."
And the sharp nosed man went to the other end of the car and sat on the coal-box.—Chicago Tribune.

Strance Hallucinations.
An English lunatic believes she is an envelope containing a letter, and with her head she fixes a penny nail on her forehead and imagines that she goes through the post to visit her relatives. The mother of the girl, who is another stamp for the return journey. A male patient is convinced that he is a bad half crown, and being a conscientious man he makes imaginary rounds to various tradesmen, warning them not to take him in payment for their goods. He is a little disconcerted when he finds that the sharp nosed man went to the other end of the car and sat on the coal-box.—Chicago Tribune.

A Quarrel in a Royal Household.
A quarrel has broken out in the royal family of Spain, owing to the conduct of the young king's grandmother, ex-Queen Isabella, who is about sixty-three years of age, and who has taken it upon herself to exercise immense influence over the young king. Presuming on the influence the youthful favorite has dared to insult the Infanta Eulalia and other members of the royal family of Spain and the result is a bitter dispute between ex-Queen Isabella, who resides in Paris, and the other members of the royal family.

A Striking Advertisement.
A Southern paper publishes the following advertisement: "Wanted—By a young lady, aged nineteen, of pleasing countenance, good figure, agreeable manner, and good education, and varied accomplishments; who has studied everything from the creation to the present time. She will take the head of his table, manage his household, scold his servants, nurse his babies, check his tradesman, and, in general, do everything that a young lady should do. She will take the head of his table, manage his household, scold his servants, nurse his babies, check his tradesman, and, in general, do everything that a young lady should do. She will take the head of his table, manage his household, scold his servants, nurse his babies, check his tradesman, and, in general, do everything that a young lady should do."

Circumstances After Cases.
"I don't believe that steak weighs two pounds," said old Nipper, surveying the meat just sent home from the butcher. "I'll weigh it and make Chopson deduct for the shortage."
"Well," said he, after doing so, "it's two pounds and a half, by jingo!"
"You will have to pay Chopson for another half pound," said Mrs. Nipper.
"Not I—that's his mistake."

Jack-Say, Bill, we've been in hard luck lately, ain't we?
"Bill—We have, old man."
"Jack—I'll tell you what we'll do. You insure your life in my favor for \$10,000 and I'll do the same for you. Well, when you go, I'll take your place. Jack—Why, we'll just load up our guns and step off thirty paces some where and see who gets the money."
"When Cunningham, the well-known shipper has returned to Montreal from a visit to Great Britain. Speaking of the prospects for the Canadian cattle trade during the season he says: "Trade in Great Britain is at present very bad but he thinks Canadian shippers will make money out of it. They will get a fair rate of freight."
"Jasper—'Is intoxication always followed by a swelled head?'"
"Yes, if the man who has been intoxicated by success."—New York Herald.
"You must have experience," said the young physician's friend.
"No, I don't. I have what is called 'patients.'"
"Washington Star."
"Dingle—'By George, I just got out of a bad scrape!'"
"Dangle—'Attacked by a hoodlum?'"
"No, by a jagged bar."—Troy Press.

Married, but Something to Learn.
A bright young married lady who has been attending some public and private readings to the story tells a good joke on herself in connection with this experience. After returning from a delightful house with Browning's poems she discovered that her door bell was out of order. So she put up a card, upon which was written the following:
"Bell out of order—please wrap." Her husband returned, looked at the card and calling her to him said: "Remember to-day, dear."
"Yes."
"Been to the Browning reading?"
"Yes, love."
"Then is there another?"
"To-morrow night. Oh, I see you are interested. Dear, dear me, delighted, and you want to go, don't you? I'm so glad."
"Well, not exactly," returned the husband, "but I was thinking, my darling, that I would go—"
"Yes, if what?"
"If you will let me go."
"Well, my darling, I will let you go, but you must remain at home and learn to spell 'rap'." Waverly Magazine.

Words of Wisdom.
Find a Christian who is having a hard time, and you find one who is not praising God half enough. When the devil goes fishing he baits for hearts, not heads. Too many preachers do just the opposite. When you go to see the man who is too good to take a newspaper, be careful that his dogs don't bite you. One taste of living water will make a man abstemious forever with the green stuff in the devil's punch. Some parents take their children to see the procession, and then whip them if they want to take the circus. Some people pray for dying grace, when what they need most is grace to make them live within their means and pay their debts. The best view of charity may be obtained through benevolence.

Have You Headache?
Headache is usually a symptom of stomach trouble, constipation or liver complaint can be entirely cured by B. B. B. (Burdock Blood-Bitters) because this medicine acts upon and regulates the stomach, liver, bowels and blood.
Aisy—Wagnald, what did you say? I know, when you were presented to the Prince of Wales?
Reginald—Why, dear boy, the first thing I did was to apologise for the American Revolution.
HIGHLY SPOKEN OF.
Dear Sirs,—I have used your Hagar's Yellow Oil for sprains, bruises, scalds, burns, rheumatism and cramp, and find it an unequalled remedy. My neighbors also speak highly of it.
Mrs. Eliza, Montreal, Que.

RELIEF AND CURE.
Sir—I have used Hagar's Pectoral-Balm for coughs and colds, and it gives relief in a few hours and always results in a cure. I would not be without it.
Mrs. Alfred Vise, Berlin, Ont.
"How was it that he managed to pull the wool over your eyes?" "Well, he has fleeced several fellows before I met him."
INDIGESTION CURED.
Gentlemen,—I was thoroughly cured of indigestion by using one bottle of B. B. B. (Burdock Blood-Bitters) and I can truly recommend it to all suffering from the same malady.
Mrs. Davidson, Winnipeg, Man.

DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP.
Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures coughs, colds, asthma, bronchitis, hoarseness, croup and all diseases of the throat and lungs. Price 25c. and 50c. at all druggists.
KIRKPATRICK & COOKSON.
(Established 1860).
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
Advances made on consignments of WHEAT, OATS, and other grain in Montreal or in the various British Markets.
RUPTURED PERSONS.—If you want a cure for your hernia, apply to Dr. J. B. B. (Burdock Blood-Bitters) at 27 Spadina Avenue, Toronto. He makes all kinds of hernia, and will cure you for \$10.00. He will also cure you for \$10.00. He will also cure you for \$10.00.

Norway Pine Syrup.
The Permanent Wall Coating. Does not RUB or SCALE from any hard surface. Coat over COAT can be applied. No more washing or scraping of walls necessary. Alabastine is the Sanitary Wall-Coating. Displaces Kalsomines, which decay on the wall. Equally adapted for Ornamental Work and Plain Tinting. Pleases Painters as well as the general public. Easily applied by anyone who can handle a brush. Sold by leading Hardware and Paint Dealers everywhere. Our book, "The Decorator's Aid," furnished Painters. Ask your dealer for Tint-Circular showing colors.
Beware of Imitations Bearing Similar Names.
The Alabastine Co.'s Ltd., Sole Manufacturers, Paris, Ontario.
G. F. STEPHENS & CO., Winnipeg, Agents for Manitoba and North-West.



Happy and Contented
In the lot of every lady in whose home BUCKDOCK BLOOD BITTERS is used. Send 2 Royal Crown Soap Wrappers to Borden's Crown Soap Co., Winnipeg, for your choice of 5 beautiful pictures, 11 x 2 inches, without cost of postage. Send free by mail.

THE KEY TO HEALTH.
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Sometimes work injudiciously to a man's loss. In 1884, he says, that he possessed 30 acres of land for seed testing purposes, etc. Now that it is allowed to go for what it is worth if he did not go further, but he also has the presumption to say that no other dealer in Winnipeg has any land at all, which is a direct lie. I have neither the time, nor inclination, to dispute these statements, nor institute comparisons in the city, because everyone who has seen the two establishments can judge for themselves. But, as people outside have only the vague notion of justice, and as such a statement is so easily made, I have no alternative (in justice to my business) but to state:
1st. That I have grown and tested seeds for market gardening and other purposes for over 7 years in Winnipeg, while Mr. Bowerman only started business a little over a year ago without any practical experience whatever in the business.
2nd. That Mr. Bowerman, if he is the fortunate possessor of six acres of land has never used it for seed testing purposes.
3rd. That I have more ground at my disposal for these purposes, at the present time, than Mr. Bowerman.

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